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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grammar term</th>
<th>What does it mean?</th>
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| Active       | When a sentence is in the active voice, the pattern is subject-verb-object. The subject of the verb is more important.  
  · James broke the window. · The PTA painted the playground. |
| Antonym      | Antonyms are words with opposite meanings.  
  · young – old, straight – bendy, full - empty |
| Object       | The object is the person, noun phrase, pronoun or thing which usually comes directly after the verb. It shows what the verb is acting on.  
  · Wednesday is my favourite day. · Cheryl's mum is picking me up today. · Are you coming to the sleepover? |
| Passive      | When a sentence is in the passive voice, the pattern is usually object-verb-(subject). The object of the verb is more important.  
  · The window has been broken. · The playground was painted (by the PTA). |
| Subject      | The subject is the person, noun phrase, pronoun or thing which does the verb in a clause.  
  · Wednesday is my favourite day. · Cheryl's mum is picking me up today. · Are you coming to the |
| Synonym      | A synonym is a word or phrase with the same or similar meaning to another. You can find synonyms in a thesaurus.  
  · talk = speak = mention  
  · sleep = doze = kip |